- 1 HJR471
- 2 110332-1
- 3 By Representatives Fincher and McMillan
- 4 RFD: Rules
- 5 First Read: 31-MAR-09

110332-1:n:03/31/2009:MF/tan LRS2009-2037 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 URGING CONGRESS TO CORRECT THE DEFINITION OF 8 RENEWABLE BIOMASS AND TO PREVENT CERTAIN FEDERAL ACTIONS 9 10 REGARDING PRACTICES ON PRIVATE FORESTLAND. 11 12 WHEREAS, Alabama's 22 million total acres of forests 13 represent the major land use in the state, occupying two-thirds of Alabama's total land area; Alabama has the 14 15 second greatest amount of private timberland acreage in the continental United States; and 16 17 WHEREAS, nearly 80 percent of Alabama's forestland is owned by non-industrial private landowners; and 18 19 WHEREAS, the members of the Alabama Legislature understand the importance of promoting the rights of private 20 21 property owners; and 22 WHEREAS, the members of the Alabama Legislature 23 support the adoption of sound land management practices to 24 ensure that our forests are managed in a sustainable manner 25 and continue to provide clean air, clean water, soil conservation, wildlife habitat, beauty, and recreational 26 27 opportunities; and

1 WHEREAS, there is an indisputable link between 2 reforestation and sustainable management of Alabama's private 3 forests and vibrant markets for the wood and fiber produced in 4 these forests; there also is an indisputable link between the 5 health of Alabama's forests and the harvesting necessary to 6 provide wood and fiber to the industry employers who convert 7 them to thousands of commercial products; and

8 WHEREAS, forestry is one of the leading industries 9 in this state, creating more than 188,000 jobs and having a 10 \$23 billion annual economic impact in this state; and

WHEREAS, Alabama currently ranks second in the nation in production of renewable energy from wood-based biomass fuels due almost exclusively to renewable energy produced by Alabama's 14 pulp and paper mills; and

WHEREAS, Alabama's forests can provide additional biomass material to emerging biomass energy production to further strengthen Alabama's position as the Nation's Bioenergy Corridor and leader in energy production from renewable resources; and

20 WHEREAS, a prudent energy policy must maintain jobs 21 associated with existing renewable energy production while 22 creating additional jobs through the development of a forest 23 bioenergy industry; and

24 WHEREAS, using forest biomass to produce energy 25 products offsets fossil fuel use and significantly reduces net 26 carbon emissions and other pollutants and reduces fossil fuel 27 imports and keeps Alabama's energy dollars in Alabama; and

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WHEREAS, forest biomass harvests are a cost-effective method to improve wildlife habitat, reduce wildfire hazard, improve residual tree growth, and remove diseased and infested trees; and

WHEREAS, the Energy Independence and Security Act of 5 6 2007 placed restrictions unsupported by science on the source 7 of biomass from privately-owned forests that have been previously regenerated naturally, on forests that may be 8 planted to trees in the future, on "late successional" 9 10 forests, and other areas, resulting in the restriction of approximately fifteen million acres of private forests in 11 12 Alabama from being utilized for biomass energy production that 13 counts toward the satisfaction of any federal renewable 14 portfolio targets for renewable energy; and

15 WHEREAS, the restrictions placed by the Energy 16 Independence and Security Act of 2007 unduly restrict the 17 ability of the forester or other professional natural resource 18 manager to apply science, site-specific forest information, 19 and landowner objectives to his or her decisions about 20 management for each forest area, thereby discouraging good 21 conservation; and

22 WHEREAS, qualifying the source of biomass being 23 harvested, processed, and delivered to existing facilities 24 producing renewable energy or to new bioenergy facilities will 25 be difficult and add undue costs; and

26 WHEREAS, the restrictions placed on conservation
27 practices for the production of biomass from forests could set

a precedent for federal control of specific conservation
 practices and forest products on privately owned property; and

3 WHEREAS, the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 4 2008 (Farm Bill) does not restrict the ability of local 5 resource managers to properly manage forests and it provides a 6 definition of "renewable biomass" and additional guidance that 7 includes the use of "any organic matter available on a 8 renewable or recurring basis"; and

9 WHEREAS, the State of Alabama, through the Alabama
10 Forestry Commission and other agencies, provides best
11 management practice guidelines, sustainability assessments,
12 and other services and monitoring of the forest resources to
13 ensure sustainability and good conservation; now therefore,

14 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the members of this body urge 15 the United States Congress to take action to correct the 16 17 restrictive and intrusive definition of renewable biomass in the Energy and Independence Act of 2007 and to prevent 18 additional federal actions that would control forest 19 20 management practices on private forestlands by defining "renewable biomass" in a restrictive manner. 21

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the members of this body urge that all federal legislation related to biomass, including the currently proposed Renewable Electricity Standards, follow a uniform definition of renewable biomass as contained in the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008, commonly referred to as the "Farm Bill."

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Copies of this resolution shall be sent to the
 President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the
 United States House of Representatives, and each member of
 Alabama's Congressional Delegation.